

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE READERS OF WAIKATO WALDORF SCHOOL (RUDOLF STEINER)'S FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Waikato Waldorf School (Rudolf Steiner) (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, L Yao, using the staff and resources of Owen McLeod & Co Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 20, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - its financial position as at 31 December 2022; and
 - its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 31 May 2023. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board Members are responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as

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applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities, in terms of the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020, arise from section 87 of the Education Act 1989.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the Edpay payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included on page 1 Statement of Responsibility, Members of the Board schedule, Kiwisport note and statement of Compliance with Employment Policy, Analysis of Variance report, cover page and index page, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.



L Yao
Owen McLeod & Co Limited
On behalf of the Auditor-General
Hamilton, New Zealand

WAIKATO WALDORF SCHOOL (RUDOLF STEINER)

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

School Directory

Ministry Number:	539
Principal:	Rob Shirlow
School Address:	85 Barrington Drive, Rototuna
School Postal Address:	P O Box 12127, Chartwell Square, Hamilton, 3248
School Phone:	07 855 8710
School Email:	office@waikatowaldorf.school.nz

Accountant / Service Provider:

Education  *Services.*
Dedicated to your school

WAIKATO WALDORF SCHOOL (RUDOLF STEINER)

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2022

Index

Page	Statement
	Financial Statements
1	Statement of Responsibility
2	Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense
3	Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity
4	Statement of Financial Position
5	Statement of Cash Flows
6 - 20	Notes to the Financial Statements
	Other Information
	Members of the Board
	Kiwisport / Statement of Compliance with Employment Policy
	Analysis of Variance

Waikato Waldorf School (Rudolf Steiner)

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

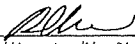
The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2022 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Richard Upperton

Full Name of Presiding Member

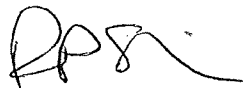

Richard Upperton (May 31, 2023 13:53 GMT+12)
Signature of Presiding Member

May 31, 2023

Date:

Robert Peter Shirlov

Full Name of Principal


Signature of Principal

May 31 2023

Date:

Waikato Waldorf School (Rudolf Steiner)
Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense
For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	1,795,903	1,667,707	1,691,658
Locally Raised Funds	3	337,202	268,404	235,346
Use of Proprietor's Land and Buildings		365,000	360,000	225,000
Interest Income		2,959	500	622
		<u>2,501,064</u>	<u>2,296,611</u>	<u>2,152,626</u>
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	106,630	99,274	87,024
Learning Resources	4	1,685,456	1,534,872	1,570,017
Administration	5	132,432	111,290	95,711
Finance		782	165	510
Property	6	530,235	544,010	356,650
		<u>2,455,535</u>	<u>2,289,611</u>	<u>2,109,912</u>
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		45,529	7,000	42,714
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year		<u><u>45,529</u></u>	<u><u>7,000</u></u>	<u><u>42,714</u></u>

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Waikato Waldorf School (Rudolf Steiner)
Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity
 For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Equity at 1 January		141,936	92,948	92,768
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year		45,529	7,000	42,714
Contributions from the Ministry of Education				
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		7,954	-	6,454
Equity at 31 December		195,419	99,948	141,936
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		195,419	99,948	141,936
Equity at 31 December		195,419	99,948	141,936

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Waikato Waldorf School (Rudolf Steiner)
Statement of Financial Position
As at 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	216,426	222,607	185,485
Accounts Receivable	8	142,044	93,185	105,832
Prepayments		1,233	4,024	712
Inventories	9	880	-	458
Investments	10	63,247	61,620	62,232
		<u>423,830</u>	<u>381,436</u>	<u>354,719</u>
Current Liabilities				
GST Payable		21,648	28,194	25,169
Accounts Payable	12	132,294	116,014	125,587
Revenue Received in Advance	13	-	29,650	3,790
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	32,063	31,759	31,450
Finance Lease Liability	15	8,020	7,226	5,579
		<u>194,025</u>	<u>212,843</u>	<u>191,575</u>
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		229,805	168,593	163,144
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	11	110,896	91,652	104,527
		<u>110,896</u>	<u>91,652</u>	<u>104,527</u>
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	139,005	153,096	119,629
Finance Lease Liability	15	6,277	7,201	6,106
		<u>145,282</u>	<u>160,297</u>	<u>125,735</u>
Net Assets		<u><u>195,419</u></u>	<u><u>99,948</u></u>	<u><u>141,936</u></u>
Equity		<u><u>195,419</u></u>	<u><u>99,948</u></u>	<u><u>141,936</u></u>

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Waikato Waldorf School (Rudolf Steiner)

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		560,779	512,011	517,084
Locally Raised Funds		291,307	245,074	190,071
International Students		23,330	23,330	21,383
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(3,521)	-	(3,475)
Payments to Employees		(531,087)	(464,197)	(429,575)
Payments to Suppliers		(299,473)	(247,533)	(266,658)
Interest Paid		(782)	(165)	(510)
Interest Received		2,442	500	766
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		42,995	69,020	29,086
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(14,411)	(15,000)	(17,146)
Purchase of Investments		(1,016)	-	(611)
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		(15,427)	(15,000)	(17,757)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		7,954	-	6,454
Finance Lease Payments		(4,581)	(4,739)	(5,624)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		3,373	(4,739)	830
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		30,941	49,281	12,159
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	185,485	173,326	173,326
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	216,426	222,607	185,485

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Waikato Waldorf School (Rudolf Steiner) Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Waikato Waldorf School (Rudolf Steiner) (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 14.



Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 11.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 15. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 20b.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives.

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Proprietor. Grants for the use of land and buildings are also not received in cash by the school however they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings. This expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.



Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

h) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

j) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Proprietor are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

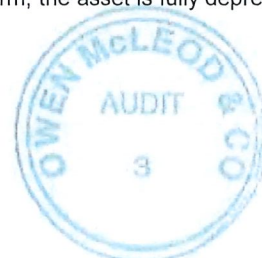
Improvements to buildings owned by the Proprietor are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.



Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Furniture and Equipment	4 - 16 years
Information and Communication Technology	3 - 4 years
Library Resources	12,5% DV
Building Improvements	40 Years
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease	Term of Lease

k) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance and research expenditure are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

l) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell the school engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information. The valuation is based on a comparison to recent market transactions.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

m) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.



n) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

o) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

p) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

q) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. In instances where the school is determined to be the principal for providing the service related to the Shared Funds (such as the RTLB programme), all income and expenditure related to the provision of the service is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.



r) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the school operates is owned by the Proprietor. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The school carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period, the economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

s) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

t) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

u) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

v) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

w) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



2. Government Grants

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	560,457	477,818	491,518
Teachers' Salaries Grants	1,213,758	1,155,696	1,165,572
Other Government Grants	21,688	34,193	34,568
	<u>1,795,903</u>	<u>1,667,707</u>	<u>1,691,658</u>

The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$27,600.

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Revenue			
Donations & Bequests	256,322	178,000	146,596
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	11,335	12,100	20,840
Trading	3,848	-	4,765
Fundraising & Community Grants	6,986	50,974	8,598
Other Revenue	6,975	4,000	6,964
International Students Fees	23,330	23,330	47,583
Out of School Care Revenue	28,406	-	-
	<u>337,202</u>	<u>268,404</u>	<u>235,346</u>
Expenses			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	9,758	12,000	13,341
Trading	4,632	-	6,390
Fundraising & Community Grant Costs	2,506	-	5,659
International Students - Other Expenses	-	300	24,800
Kindergarten	42,684	40,000	35,883
Out of School Care Cost	47,050	46,974	951
	<u>106,630</u>	<u>99,274</u>	<u>87,024</u>
Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	<u>230,572</u>	<u>169,130</u>	<u>148,322</u>

During the year the School hosted 2 International students (2021:4)

4. Learning Resources

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	72,475	48,070	42,288
Library Resources	125	500	-
Employee Benefits - Salaries	1,569,994	1,451,525	1,494,578
Staff Development	22,261	20,000	12,149
Depreciation	20,601	14,777	21,002
	<u>1,685,456</u>	<u>1,534,872</u>	<u>1,570,017</u>



5. Administration

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Audit Fee	6,076	5,000	5,200
Board Fees	-	250	-
Board Expenses	5,514	3,900	979
Communication	3,726	2,750	3,394
Consumables	3,474	4,700	2,322
Legal Fees	3,710	-	-
Other	15,385	16,900	18,152
Employee Benefits - Salaries	85,295	69,790	56,109
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	9,252	8,000	9,555
	<u>132,432</u>	<u>111,290</u>	<u>95,711</u>

6. Property

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	5,010	8,500	27,285
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	37,852	38,106	14,256
Grounds	13,508	8,800	6,330
Heat, Light and Water	17,799	13,500	12,913
Rates	2,888	2,500	2,174
Repairs and Maintenance	11,890	23,000	20,433
Use of Land and Buildings	365,000	360,000	225,000
Security	2,184	1,500	1,267
Employee Benefits - Salaries	42,153	52,104	46,992
Contractors & Consultancy	31,951	36,000	-
	<u>530,235</u>	<u>544,010</u>	<u>356,650</u>

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Bank Accounts	216,426	222,607	185,485
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	<u>216,426</u>	<u>222,607</u>	<u>185,485</u>

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.



8. Accounts Receivable

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Receivables	23,088	2,125	6,730
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	12,158	-	-
Interest Receivable	517	144	-
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	106,281	90,916	99,102
	<u>142,044</u>	<u>93,185</u>	<u>105,832</u>
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	23,605	2,269	6,730
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	118,439	90,916	99,102
	<u>142,044</u>	<u>93,185</u>	<u>105,832</u>

9. Inventories

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Stationery	880	-	458
	<u>880</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>458</u>

10. Investments

The School's investment activities are classified as follows:

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Current Asset			
Short-term Bank Deposits	63,247	61,620	62,232
Total Investments	<u>63,247</u>	<u>61,620</u>	<u>62,232</u>



11. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2022	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	29,263	-	-	-	(776)	28,487
Furniture and Equipment	59,157	13,520	-	-	(9,611)	63,067
Information and Communication Technology	2,390	2,764	-	-	(1,599)	3,554
Leased Assets	9,488	10,103	-	-	(7,910)	11,682
Library Resources	4,229	582	-	-	(705)	4,106
Balance at 31 December 2022	104,527	26,969	-	-	(20,601)	110,896

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$11,682 (2021: \$9,488)

Restrictions

There are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2022	2022	2022	2021	2021	2021
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	31,032	(2,545)	28,487	31,032	(1,769)	29,263
Furniture and Equipment	171,317	(108,250)	63,067	157,796	(98,639)	59,157
Information and Communication Technology	10,075	(6,521)	3,554	7,310	(4,920)	2,390
Leased Assets	17,483	(5,801)	11,682	38,284	(28,796)	9,488
Library Resources	22,402	(18,296)	4,106	21,820	(17,591)	4,229
Balance at 31 December	252,309	(141,413)	110,896	256,242	(151,715)	104,527



12. Accounts Payable

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Creditors	13,971	15,843	13,549
Accruals	5,356	4,280	4,480
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	106,281	90,916	99,102
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	6,686	4,975	8,456
	<u>132,294</u>	<u>116,014</u>	<u>125,587</u>
Payables for Exchange Transactions	132,294	116,014	125,587
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	-	-	-
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	-	-	-
	<u>132,294</u>	<u>116,014</u>	<u>125,587</u>

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

13. Revenue Received in Advance

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Other revenue in advance	-	3,450	3,790
International Student Fees in Advance	-	26,200	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>29,650</u>	<u>3,790</u>

14. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Provision at the Start of the Year	151,079	146,749	154,351
Increase to the Provision During the Year	36,260	38,106	35,832
Use of the Provision During the Year	(17,862)	-	(17,528)
Other Adjustments	1,591	-	(21,576)
Provision at the End of the Year	<u>171,068</u>	<u>184,855</u>	<u>151,079</u>
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	32,063	31,759	31,450
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	139,005	153,096	119,629
	<u>171,068</u>	<u>184,855</u>	<u>151,079</u>

The schools cyclical maintenance schedule details annual painting to be undertaken, the costs associated to this annual work will vary dependent on the requirements during the year. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan/painting quotes.



15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
No Later than One Year	7,829	7,226	5,930
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	6,683	7,201	6,205
Future Finance Charges	(215)	-	(450)
	14,297	14,427	11,685
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	8,020	7,226	5,579
Finance lease liability - Non current	6,277	7,201	6,106
	14,297	14,427	11,685

16. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

The Proprietor of the School (The Rudolf Steiner School Waikato Trust) is a related party of the School Board because the proprietor appoints representatives to the School Board, giving the proprietor significant influence over the School Board. Any services or contributions between the School Board and Proprietor have been disclosed appropriately, if the proprietor collects fund on behalf of the school (or vice versa) the amounts are disclosed.

The Proprietor provides land and buildings free of charge for use by the School Board as noted in Note 1(c). The estimated value of this use during 2022 is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense as "Use of Land and Buildings".

Charlotte Goddard is a Board member, her in laws owns Alpha Electrical Services (1986) Limited. During the year Alpha Electrical Services (1986) Limited provided annual heat pumps services to the school which is free of charge. Because there is no charge amount for the year which does not require Ministry approval under S10 of schedule 23 of the Education and Training Act 2020.



17. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2022 Actual \$	2021 Actual \$
<i>Board Members</i> Remuneration	-	-
<i>Leadership Team</i> Remuneration	142,405	348,260
Full-time equivalent members	1.00	3.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	<u>142,405</u>	<u>348,260</u>

There are 6 members of the Board excluding the Principal. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding Member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal 1

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2022 Actual \$000	2021 Actual \$000
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:		
Salary and Other Payments	130 - 140	130 - 140
Benefits and Other Emoluments	4 - 5	4 - 5
Termination Benefits	-	-

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration \$000	2022 FTE Number	2021 FTE Number
100 - 110	4.00	2.00
	<u>4.00</u>	<u>2.00</u>

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

18. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2022 Actual	2021 Actual
Total Number of People	-	-



19. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities and no contingent assets (except as noted below) as at 31 December 2022 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2021: nil).

The Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in Schools' Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. The school has not been notified of the final wash up calculation relating to 31 December 2022. The final calculations impact on the financial statements is unable to be determined at the date of reporting.

Holidays Act Compliance – schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2022 a contingent liability for the school may exist.

20. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

There are no capital commitments as at 31 December 2022 (Capital commitments at 31 December 2021: nil).

(b) Operating Commitments

There are no operating commitments as at 31 December 2022 (Operating commitments at 31 December 2021: nil).

21. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	216,426	222,607	185,485
Receivables	142,044	93,185	105,832
Investments - Term Deposits	63,247	61,620	62,232
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	<u>421,717</u>	<u>377,412</u>	<u>353,549</u>

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Payables	132,294	116,014	125,587
Finance Leases	14,297	14,427	11,685
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	<u>146,591</u>	<u>130,441</u>	<u>137,272</u>



22. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

23. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.



Waikato Waldorf School (Rudolf Steiner)

Members of the Board

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expired/ Expires
Richard Upperton	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep 2025
Rob Shirlow	Principal	ex Officio	
Jo Gordon	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Janine King	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Charlotte Goddard	Staff Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Michael Delaney	Proprietors Representative	Appointed	Sep 2025
Simon Rowell	Proprietors Representative	Appointed	Sep 2025

Waikato Waldorf School (Rudolf Steiner)

Kiwisport

Kiwisport is a Government funding initiative to support students' participation in organised sport. In 2022, the school received total Kiwisport funding of \$2,710 (excluding GST). The funding was spent on sporting endeavours.

Statement of Compliance with Employment Policy

For the year ended 31st December 2022 the Waikato Waldorf School (Rudolf Steiner) Board:

- Has developed and implemented personnel policies, within policy and procedural frameworks to ensure the fair and proper treatment of employees in all aspects of their employment
- Has reviewed its compliance against both its personnel policy and procedures and can report that it meets all requirements and identified best practice.
- Is a good employer and complies with the conditions contained in the employment contracts of all staff employed by the Board.
- Ensures all employees and applicants for employment are treated according to their skills, qualifications and abilities, without bias or discrimination.
- Meets all Equal Employment Opportunities requirements.